



TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 5, 1904.

THE FOURTH OF JULY, in Alexandria and in the cities where the laws were enforced, passed away without serious results. In New York, however, where it seems many gave vent to their "patriotism" by attempting to cause as many explosions as possible, about four hundred persons were taken to hospitals during the day to have wounds more or less dangerous treated. Several small boys in Alexandria received burns from the careless handling of rockets and roman candles, but none was seriously hurt. It was remarked by many that yesterday was comparatively an exceptional Fourth of July, from the fact that high explosives were in a measure eliminated from the festivities and the early morning hours were not rendered torturing to quiet people by the sound of blunderbuses, toy cannon and other distracting contrivances. Chanticleer when he hailed the day god did not have his salutations drowned by many ear-splitting reports, as is generally the case on Independence Day. It is hoped that the new departure may become a fixed institution, and that the Fourth of July and Christmas will hereafter be celebrated in an orderly, sensible and safe manner.

ANOTHER appalling loss of life—the second in less than a month—is reported. The disaster occurred on the coast of Scotland, and sea weeds have become the winding sheets of about seven hundred persons—Norwegians and Danes—who had left their homes for the United States. The world had barely ceased to talk about the burning of the excursion steamer General Slocum when the telegraph flashed another disaster almost as great. The last ocean horror of any great magnitude was the sinking of the French passenger steamer La Bourgogne on the banks of Newfoundland—six years ago—and the loss of between four and five hundred persons. The stories of the ill-fated Atlantic as she was approaching Sumbro light at the entrance to Halifax and the loss of the Ville de Havre date back a third of a century; but the sinking of the Norwegian steamer referred to above reproduces these and other sad reminiscences of ocean travel when the sea has closed over hundreds of people. While every safeguard is adopted on passenger steamers, accidents occasionally appall the world. That which is now attracting attention is one of the most serious that has ever occurred.

THE NATIONAL democratic convention will meet tomorrow in St. Louis to nominate its presidential ticket. Unlike the republican convention which assembled in Chicago last month simply to do the bidding of President Roosevelt, tomorrow's convention will be a deliberative body, the aim and object of all the delegates being to nominate the strongest man to lead them and to make a platform for the greatest good for the greatest number of people of the entire country. As yet there is no certainty as to the presidential nominee, but dispatches from St. Louis indicate that Judge Parker, of New York, has a good lead and will win. Still Gray, Gorman, and Cleveland have strong followings, and the centering upon Judge Gray as the second choice of a large number of delegates may win for him the prize in case of a long drawn out fight. Today it is an open race, but no one can tell what an hour may bring forth. It is safe to say, however, that a safe ticket will be nominated and a sound platform adopted.

STEAMBOAT inspectors in New York do not wish to re-inspect boats they have already passed, but the public eye is now upon them, and they cannot pass an unfit steamer without detection, or condemn a vessel they have already approved without convicting themselves of criminal negligence. Mr. Dumon, who was for a generation at the head of the service and then retired, not to private life, but to the inspection of hulls in New York, says of Secretary Cortelyou's order for an inspection that the inspectors are governed only by acts of Congress. The intimation is that they would not obey an order from the Secretary of Labor and Commerce. If the inspectors really had been governed by acts of Congress their work would have been more efficient than it has been proved.

FORMER JUDGE L. D. YARBELL, of Greensville county, who once lived in Alexandria county, is a candidate for Congress against Congressman Southall, of the Petersburg district, and says that "one of the first things he would do if elected would be to introduce a bill to place an import duty on peanuts." If the judge don't take care he will win for himself the sobriquet of peanut politician.

ATTENTION is again directed to the unsanitary condition of some of the gutters, alleys and streets of the city. This is the time of year above all others when the cleanliness of the city should be

carefully looked after. The appropriation made for streets by the City Council was not all intended for sewers, and a portion of the money should be expended at once in making sanitary the unsanitary locations.

From Washington.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.) Washington, D. C., July 5.

Secretary Hay left yesterday evening for Jackson, Michigan, where tomorrow evening he is to deliver the oration at the semi-centennial celebration of the republican party. Directly following the delivery of his speech he will return to Washington to remain until July 15 when he will leave for his summer home near Sunapee, New Hampshire. President Roosevelt was also invited to speak at Jackson but declined.

Politically there is "nothing doing" here today and politics will be quiet till after the St. Louis convention adjourns. The President is out of town, as are several members of the Cabinet, and only now and then is a Congressman seen about the Capitol. Many people have left the city for the summer and, taken altogether, Washington is now a quiet place.

In the absence of the President and his family, sightseers, who are usually limited to the terrace and the East room, will have the privilege of seeing the various parlors and the state dining room of the White House.

YEARFUL SHIPWRECK.

The Danish steamer Norge, which left Copenhagen June 22 with 700 Danish and Norwegian emigrants for New York, struck a reef 200 miles off the west coast of Scotland June 28 and foundered. Out of 774 people on board only 128 are known to be alive. They arrived on a steam trawler at Grimsby.

The seamen stuck to their posts, putting women and children into the lifeboats. On account of the heavy sea these boats were all wrecked but two, containing the twenty-seven persons, who last night were taken to Grimsby. After striking the rock the Norge reversed her engines and swung free, but the rent in her bow soon sent her to the bottom. Life preservers were employed, but they were useless in the heavy sea. The Norge carried no passengers, it is said, except emigrants bound for America. These were nearly all Danes and Norwegians. No record of the sea ever had a greater death toll. The passengers were suddenly aroused from their sleep, terrified by the contact of the bows of the ship with the solid granite, followed by a grinding, rasping sound as if the hull was being sheered over huge rocks. Then silence, as the clanging bells brought the engines to a stop. Those of the passengers who were standing at the time the steamer struck the rock were thrown against the bulkheads or on the decks and had not recovered their feet when a voice gave the terrifying order: "All hands on deck! Hurry or you may sink!" Immediately there was a rush for the narrow companionways, and men, women and children pushed and struggled and made every effort to reach the deck where the boats swung from the davits.

Those who reached deck saw the Norge's nose crushed against the rock. It remained there only a few minutes, for Captain Gundell, commanding, who had immediately gone to the bridge, gave the order to the engine room to reverse the engines.

Slowly the ship backed off, and as she gained way it was found that water was pouring into her hold. Swiftly the vessel began to sink by the bows. Some of the lifeboats were dashed to pieces as they were being lowered but others got away with 128 persons who were saved.

Mrs. Alice Smith has been appointed postmaster at Rouths, Fauquier county, vice Henry H. Lee, resigned.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Pope suffered from a sudden attack of palpitation of the heart early this morning, due to heat and worry over Vatican affairs. The attack has now passed, but it has left him very weak.

W. K. Vanderbilt, accompanied by fifteen guests, will sail from London tonight for a cruise through the Mediterranean aboard their yacht Vallian. The provisions for the cruise are said to have cost \$20,000.

The czar has issued a rescript addressed to Prince Obolenski, the new Governor of Finland, in the course of which he said: "I considered the terrible murder which has just darkened the social life of the country as the deed of a madman and his confederates, and don't regard the Finnish nation as guilty of the crime."

Chased by a Mob.

With cries of "Lynch him!" a crowd of more than 100 persons pursued a street car inspector at Grayesend avenue and Neck road, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, after he had choked and beaten a woman passenger who was in a delicate condition because he thought she had refused to pay the extra fare of five cents demanded by the Coney Island and Brooklyn Trolley Company. For several blocks the enraged mob kept at the heels of the inspector. Some of them had revolvers, which they had used in celebrating the Fourth of July, while others were armed with clubs. They were fast gaining on him when he jumped on a passing trolley car, hurriedly explained his predicament to the motorman and was then whirled out of danger.

Capt. H. O. Claggett Dead.

Captain Henry Oden Claggett, one of the most prominent men of Loudoun county, son of the late Dr. Thomas H. Claggett, and an officer in the Confederate service, died after a short illness in Baltimore on Sunday. He had been mayor of Leesburg for many years, and at the time of his death was coroner of the county. He was at one time connected with the editorial department of the Mirror, of Leesburg, and was a well-known newspaper correspondent. His wife, who was a daughter of the late Dr. Brown, died several years ago. His funeral took place from St. James' Protestant Episcopal Church, Leesburg yesterday. Rev. Dr. J. W. Morris officiating. The deceased is survived by several nieces and nephews.

News of the Day.

A Yonkers, N. Y., boy was killed yesterday by a ramrod, which, shot from a cannon, pierced his brain.

The populist convention opened at Springfield, Ill., yesterday with only 200 delegates in attendance and hundreds of vacant seats.

John Alexander Dowie announces that he will take his restoration hosts to London some of these days in a fleet of gospel ships.

A fire started by Fourth-of-July explosions caused a loss of \$100,000 at Corinna, Maine, yesterday. Nine buildings were destroyed.

By the premature explosion of a cannon at Colfax, Ill., yesterday Leo Chapman, Roy Harris, Fred Grending and Ralph Hester were perhaps fatally injured.

The Japanese minister at Washington received a dispatch from Tokyo authorities explicitly denying the Russian accusation that wounded Russian soldiers left on the field were inhumanly treated by Japanese cavalry.

Martin Ackard, aged 30 years, an ironworker, who lived at 131 Scott street, yesterday shot and killed Eugene Hildebrand, aged 37 years, at his home, 260 north Darien street, Philadelphia, and then killed himself. The double crime is said to have been the result of many quarrels.

The Chicago Limited, on the Wabash Railroad, due in St. Louis at 7 p. m., and half an hour late, was wrecked Sunday night, inside the city limits of Litchfield, Ill. The train struck an open switch and was overturned, and seven of the nine cars were burned. It is believed that twenty persons perished in the second and third coaches, and that forty were injured.

Benton Russ, for the past forty years deputy warden of the jail in Washington and one of the oldest and best known officials of the District government, killed himself Sunday night in the bedroom of his home, 9 Ninth street southeast, by firing a bullet into his right temple. He had been suffering from insomnia for some time, and this, coupled with distress, is believed to have been the cause of his suicide.

Annie Foster, nineteen years old, was shot and instantly killed in the home of her parents in Baltimore last night by Henry Wittman, 21 years old. Wittman shot himself through the eye, and is in a local hospital in a dying condition. The couple, who were engaged to be married, spent the day at a river resort, and returned to the girl's home late last night. The young woman's parents had retired, and were aroused by the shots from a revolver. It is supposed that they quarreled after returning from their outing.

The veneer manufacturing plant of the Williamson Veneer Company Limited, northeast corner of Baltimore and Eighth streets, Highlandtown, near Baltimore, was destroyed by fire shortly after six o'clock yesterday evening, entailing a loss of between \$60,000 and \$70,000. The origin of the fire is not definitely known, but as the plant has been closed down for repairs for several days, and as the fire started in the saw-mill, it is theory advanced by Mr. Fred Johnson, the day watchman, is that it was caused by a spark from a passing engine.

Virginia News.

The Fourth of July was generally observed in Virginia without patriotic demonstration, however.

The Petersburg council at its last meeting adopted the general tax ordinance reducing the tax rate from \$1.60 to \$1.40.

The sixteenth annual meeting of the Virginia State Bar Association will be held at the Hot Springs of Virginia on August 20, 2d and 4th.

George Kerns, a white man, was lodged in the Stafford county jail last week, charged with criminal assault upon Mrs. Pierson, a white woman nearly sixty years of age. Kerns has several grown daughters.

The town of Madison Heights, for many years known as Madison, across the James river from Lynchburg which was incorporated by the last legislature and elected mayor and council June 7, is now organized as a town.

Police Justice Crutchfield, of Richmond, is determined to break up the practice of carrying concealed weapons in that city. He announced that hereafter the minimum penalty for offenders would be a fine of \$100 and imprisonment for 30 days.

Police Inspector Shinerberger, who was shot Thursday night, in Richmond, it is believed, by James Goode a negro desperado, died on Saturday. Goode, for whom there had been a hunt night and day since the shooting, was surrounded in the country Sunday and captured.

Capt. Wyckliffe J. Bohannon, of Matthews county for 30 years prominently connected with the Old Bay Line company's fleet of steamers died on Sunday morning at the University of Maryland Hospital, in Baltimore, after a protracted illness from cancer of the stomach aged 55 years.

A destructive fire, witnessed by ten thousand people, last night destroyed the pleasure pier at Ocean View, below Norfolk. The pier extended four hundred feet out into Chesapeake Bay, and on the end of the structure a pavilion, formerly used as a casino, was located. An exhibition of fireworks was being given out on the sea end of the structure, when the flooring in some unknown way ignited.

O. B. Sleight and Mrs. John Markham, both about 50 years old, residents of Bedford county, were arrested in Lynchburg on Saturday night charged with eloping. Both have families in Bedford county. They were taken yesterday to Big Island, where, after a hearing before Justice Scott, each was fined \$200 and sent to jail in default of payment. Sleight has a wife and six grown children and the woman has a husband and three children.

The rural letter-carriers' association of Virginia was organized in Lynchburg yesterday morning, 30 carriers from various parts of the State being present, with the following officers: President, E. J. Coleman, of Appomattox; vice president, W. O. Lettwith, of Lynchburg; secretary, J. M. Withrow, of Lexington; treasurer, E. G. Shymake, of Mount Sidney, Augusta county. These four constitute the executive committee. Charlottesville was chosen as the next place of meeting, to be held July 4, 1905.

The Market.

Georgetown, July 5.—Wheat 80¢.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The committee on arrangements of the democratic national committee in St. Louis on Saturday agreed unanimously to recommend the selection of John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, for temporary chairman of the convention. The committee also decided upon Mr. W. Blumenberg, one of the official reporters of the United States Senate, for the office of reporter of the proceedings of the convention, and upon Frank Brust, of Chicago, for chief doorman.

Mr. Bryan is on the scene working hard against Parker. He told a correspondent that he was "not unfavorable" to the candidacy of Gray or Gorman. The only man he says he would not support is Mr. Cleveland.

A dispatch from St. Louis to the New York Herald says: Three important features of the democratic national platform are practically agreed on by the forces that will control the convention. The financial plank will take a middle ground and follow John Sharp Williams' Mississippi platform. The tariff plank will call for revision and contain the idea and much of the phraseology of Senator Gorman's Maryland platform. To offset what leading democrats call the "bloody-shirt" plank of the republican platform adopted at Chicago, it has been decided to insert a declaration in favor of leaving the race question and the problem of representation in Congress and the electoral college to the various States. On finance this plank will be reported to the committee on resolutions to be adopted, or, at least, to form a basis of consideration; it is the Mississippi platform with the phraseology slightly changed: The tariff plank to be presented to the committee has Senator Gorman for its father and was brought to St. Louis by his personal representatives in the Maryland delegation yesterday. This is its outline as it now stands:

By a vote of 63 to 5 the Pennsylvania delegation in caucus yesterday decided to support Parker for President.

Movements in behalf of ex-Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania, and Judge Gray, of Delaware, for President developed vigor at St. Louis yesterday. Some of Mr. Bryan's closest friends were advocating the turning over of the Bryan influence to Pattison: The Delaware delegation began a systematic canvass in behalf of Gray and won considerable support, including that of Senator B. R. Tillman, of South Carolina, who said Gray would be 500,000 votes stronger than any other man who could be named. Nevertheless, the prevailing opinion continued to be that Judge Parker will be nominated though Tammany is still against him. A result of the effort to defeat Parker is the probable choice of a candidate thoroughly acceptable to the conservative element.

Senator Gorman is apparently still determined to remain quiet until after the presidential nomination has been made, and, notwithstanding the stir caused among the political leaders and President makers all over the country by the announcement of his determination to remain away from the convention, he still preserves silence as to the meaning of his present attitude. The question as to where he stands and what his position is toward the nomination of Parker or of any of the candidates in the race is still unsolved and bids fair to remain a mystery until the action of the Maryland delegation in the convention shows what instructions have been given.

The Southern delegates, it is said, are making a rush for the Parker band wagon. The Virginia delegation, which had been delayed for a number of hours, reached St. Louis late last night. Col. J. Taylor Ellyson, national committeeman, and State chairman of the party, has been sounding sentiment and says he finds it all for Parker. In order to test the sentiment of the Virginia delegation he wired yesterday morning and had a poll of the delegation taken last night. He received a telegram from Senator Martin stating that every delegate would vote for Parker. Virginia headquarters was opened this morning in the St. Nicholas Hotel, the parlor being decorated with the Virginia flag and an abundance of bunting. Today the delegation will hold its caucus. Senator Martin will be chairman of the delegation, and Senator Daniel a member of the committee on resolutions.

Startling Evidence.

Fresh testimony in great quantity is constantly coming in, declaring Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Coughs and Colds is inequitable. A recent expression from T. J. McFarland of Rentonville, Va., serves as example. He writes: "I had Bronchitis for three years and doctored all the time without being benefited. Then I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery, and a few bottles cured me." Equally effective in curing all Lung and Throat troubles, Consumption, Pneumonia and Grip. Guaranteed by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, druggists. Trial bottles free, regular sizes 50¢ and \$1.00.

Situation in the East.

Admiral Togo reports that a Russian guardship, either a battleship or cruiser, was torpedoed and sunk, also a Russian destroyer sunk, at the entrance of Port Arthur last Monday night.

Admiral Kamimura's fleet chased the Vladivostok squadron until Friday night, when the Russians escaped in the darkness east of Tsu Island.

Two divisions of Japanese are moving upon Liao Yang from Fen Shu pass, according to a dispatch from Mukden, but reports from Ta Tehe Kino state that the Japanese are inactive.

Reports of movements on land are meager and contradictory, one reporting heavy rains, another no rains. A rumor from Chifu speaks of the possibility of the Russian retreat being cut off.

The Japanese report the mutilation of the dead by Russian troops.

Count Leo Tolstoy denounces the Russo-Japanese war, and calls the czar "an unfortunate, entangled young man, swept off his feet by the red lust of conquest."

General Kuroki is moving toward Liao Yang from Feng Wang Cheng in spite of the rains, and is reported only 12 miles from Count Keller's forces. No other movement of consequence was reported, the rain and mud preventing.

The Vladivostok squadron was reported back in port, although it had started prepared for a long cruise.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

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We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him by first-class Druggists.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Today's Telegraphic News

The Democratic Convention.

St. Louis, July 5.—"Parker on the first ballot." Such, according to the Parker men, is the interpretation to be placed on the action of the Pennsylvania delegation endorsing the Parker candidacy. Maryland is expected to follow suit, setting at rest any doubts as to Gorman's attitude, and all that follows is to be merely by way of ratification of the already expressed will of the majority. Yesterday witnessed a renewal of the attempts of the anti-Parker forces to combine on some man who would be acceptable to all of them. In the afternoon there was a gathering at the Plunkett Hotel. There was a show of enthusiasm, and it was quietly announced that a combination of from 350 to 400 votes had already been effected, but later it became clearer than ever that Parker had a real organization and the work of August Belmont, covering the last three months, had not been in vain.

If indications go for anything the efforts of the anti-Parkerites so far have come to naught. It is met by statements from Parker men who claimed the confidence of Gorman, that the Marylander would under no circumstances permit the use of his name, but would support Judge Parker. And the friends of Parker declare that no other attempt to defeat him can possibly assume dimensions of a character worthy of serious consideration.

Pennsylvania's decision to cast her 68 votes as a unit for Judge Parker was no surprise to David B. Hill. He knew all about it 24 hours before. There was a rush for Parker buttons immediately after the Keystone State delegates decided to give the New Yorker their votes.

"They can't beat him, they can't beat him," Hill told the delegates, and then he went to confer with Lieutenant Governor Wm. F. Shehan.

The gavel that will be wielded by John Sharp Williams in calling the convention to order Wednesday, will be of historic material. The Erie, Pa., delegation have had it constructed of timber of Commodore Perry's flagship, Niagara. It is a handsome article. J. M. Guffey will present it to the temporary chairman on behalf of his delegation.

The most sensational move of the entire political situation was made today, when, at 10 o'clock, it was announced by the anti-Parker leaders that the combination against Parker had finally been effected. The strength of Olney, Wall, Cockrell, Harmon and Gray formed the nucleus of the deal. The Bryan and Hearst forces complete it. The basis for this move were petitions secretly circulated during the night by the anti-Parker leaders, which were numerous. It is confidently announced that 400 votes are in the combine, all pledged against Parker on the first and second ballots. The pact does not extend beyond that period, but the anti-Parker declare they are just as skillful in the game of politics as their opponents, and with this foothold, will be able to defeat Parker. They say the future will take care of itself, and declare that the New York jurist is now in a most dangerous position, being within striking distance of the goal and not able to clinch it. These States with favorite sons, are claimed to be solidly held in the agreement of the anti-Parker forces.

Missouri, Massachusetts and Delaware representing 144 votes. All the power of the new machine constructed in the past has been set to work to win back Guffey, of Pennsylvania, thereby weakening the effect of the coup by the Parkerites last night, when they showed that they had landed the Pennsylvania millionaires. Votes from Kentucky are also expected by the anti-Parker. The onslaught against the Parker column is fierce. Bryan and his friends were enveloped in an air of mysterious hope. "The Nebraska is in the saddle and riding hard in the effort to overtake the enemy," said his friends.

At 10:30 the anti-Parker leaders authorized Harlan Cleveland, in charge of the Harmon boom, to wire Harmon at Cincinnati to have a letter in St. Louis Wednesday morning stating what his position was in 1896. If this letter satisfies Bryan, Harmon will be the choice of the anti-Parker, and they will concentrate their strength on him to beat Parker.

At noon today it will be known positively whether New Jersey will formally place the name of Grover Cleveland in nomination. A meeting has been called by the chairman of the delegation to be held in the Lindell. This delegation, as a whole, regards Gray very favorably.

Senator Bailey, of Texas, has been offered the position of permanent chairman of the convention, but he has declined. Instead he will become a member of the committee on platform resolutions. No decision has yet been reached as to who will be presiding officer of the convention.

The Parker leaders estimate that he will have 608 votes on the first ballot. Wm. R. Hearst's strength is estimated at 192.

The New York State delegation at its meeting this morning after brief discussion voted to refer to David B. Hill, who was selected as New York's representative on the committee on resolution, a resolution offered by Bourke Cockran, declaring the money issue as set forth in the platforms of 1896 and 1900, a dead issue and one not to be tampered with in the platform of the present convention if the democrats are to hope for success at the coming election.

Japanese Pushing On.—London, July 5.—The Tokio correspondent of the Central News reports that the central column of the Japanese first army now occupies a line nearly forty miles in length between Motien-Ling Pass and Hsin-Kai Pass. Two hundred Russians, he adds, who were encountered by the Japanese have retired westward toward Tientsin.

A portion of the northwestern column of the Japanese army has occupied Siao-Pein-Ling, six miles northwest of Fenshuling.

Reuters' Telegram Company has a dispatch reporting that the Japanese have even advanced further on the road toward the Russian rendezvous and have occupied Fenshi-Ling. The main army of the Japanese has advanced westward.

Rome, July 5.—The Liao-Yang Manchuria correspondent of the Agenzia Libera reports that 600 cases of typhus has broken out in the Russian army.

Tokio, July 5.—A force of Russians attacked the Japanese outposts at Motien-Ling Pass yesterday morning, but were repulsed, losing eighty killed and wounded. The Japanese casualties were 45.

St. Petersburg, July 5.—Official announcement was made today that in a battle fought yesterday to the east of Liao Yang, near Yansu-Ling Pass, the

Russians retreated, losing 200 men in the engagement.

The Socialists.

New York, July 5.—A resolution with the attitude of the party in relation to labor unions was presented today for consideration by the delegates in attendance at the socialist national convention at Grand Central Palace. The resolution declared that the party was unalterably opposed to the American Federation of Labor, of which Samuel Gompers is the head, for the general reason that the organization is a "pure and simple union which does not fight on a class conscience basis." The American Federation of Labor, the resolution said, is in league with the old parties and enemies of socialism in the national civic federation and in State and municipal parties. The resolution favored the position taken by the labor union and especially commended the attitude of this organization in the Colorado miners' war. The development of the working classes in Europe was traced to the fact that the labor unions of France and England are rapidly succumbing to the socialist movement. The resolution was referred to a committee and is to be discussed by the convention tomorrow, when candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency will be nominated. Nearly every delegate to the convention has his own choice as to who shall lead the party in the forthcoming campaign. No one in particular was in popular favor today.

Troops to Quell Disorder.

Halifax, July 5.—Great excitement prevailed in Sydney last night. Troops had been called out to protect the property of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company from strikers who are in an angry mood. Two batteries from Sydney, the field artillery and two companies of the Victoria Rifles are now on the scene supplied with rifles and cartridges and are under orders to shoot down strikers who interfere with the non-union men or enter the works. Unless some speedy settlement is arrived at bloodshed is feared.

At Sydney a mob of strikers are still in control of the outside steelworks of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company. The military forces remain inside the plant, leaving the strikers to do as they please on the outside.

A clash occurred this morning when a squad of soldiers were obliged to use their bayonets in order to allow Manager Fraser to enter the works. More troops are expected tomorrow and until then the mob rules the situation.

The Races.

Sheepshead Bay, N. Y., July 5.—Track fast. First race, 5½ furlongs; selling for 2-year-olds. Jerry, O'Connor, 10 to 1; won; Tramator, Redfern, 3 to 1; second, and Garyland, Martin, 10 to 1; third. Time, 1:07 2-5.

Second race, 6½ furlongs; 3-year-olds and upward. Mineola, Hildebrandt, 3 to 1; won; Ancaster, Cormack, 4 to 1; second, and Kohinoir, 5 to 1; third. Time, 1:08 2-5.

Fort Erie, Canada, July 5.—Track fast. First race, maiden two-year-olds, 4 furlongs. Matador, 5 to 1; won; Eula, 2 to 1; second; Lottie Ramey, Wedderstrand, 15 to 1; third. Time, 54 seconds.

Russian Ship Sails Bosphorus.

Constantinople, July 5.—The Russian transport St. Petersburg, of the volunteer fleet, arrived this morning at the entrance to the Bosphorus with 130 men and equipments on board. She also had 241 soldiers en route from Sevastopol for Vladivostok. The vessel anchored under the Turkish forts to await orders from the Porte to proceed. One report has it that the transport is carrying a party of Red Cross surgeons and nurses, and that she has already passed through the Bosphorus.

Murders.

Cleatfield, Pa., July 5.—Harry M. Shoff, a young attorney of Coalport, was murdered by Romy Loymer, in a fight over the payment of a bill of \$5 last night.

Mt. Vernon, N. Y., July 5.—Edward Gardner Ward, Jr., aged 27, of Bloomfield, New Jersey, was dismembered and killed at Alexander Ferris's country estate at Bronxville last night. The coroner is making an investigation.

New York Stock Market.

New York, July 5.—The opening of the stock market, after the triple holiday, was not marked by any important feature of interest. A moderate degree of strength was shown in the railway list. Speculation is largely of a waiting character with considerable interest concentrated on the progress of development at St. Louis, but the prospect of active trading seems rather poor for the day.

Borden's Peerless.

Brand Evaporated Cream is preserved without sugar. It is sterilized according to latest sanitary methods, having a delicate flavor and richness which makes it the favorite of the breakfast table for cereals, coffee, tea and chocolate. Avoid unknown brands.

IN MEMORIAM.

In sad, but loving remembrance of our dear mother, ANNIE DAVIS, who died July 4— one year ago yesterday.

Loved in life, remembered in death.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE CITY OF ALEXANDRIA.

John A. Marshall vs. the Farmers and Mechanics' Savings Bank et al. In chancery. Decrees of the 7th of December, 1903, and of May, 1904, in the above suit, after suggestion to the court the death of Leonard Marbury, former receiver, further set forth that William E. Fendall, esq., Master Commissioner of the court, is appointed to state and settle the account of said Leonard Marbury, receiver, as aforesaid, and report to the court the balance remaining in the hands of the said Leonard Marbury, receiver, at the time of his death, and also what fund he had on deposit with any bank or banking institution, and what disposition is proper to be made of any money under the control of the court in this cause.

Commissioner's Office, Alexandria, Va. All persons interested in the above decree are hereby notified that I have fixed upon FRIDAY, July 15, 1904, at my office, No. 309 Prince street, Alexandria, Va., as the time and place when and where I will proceed to execute the decree aforesaid, at which time and place you are requested to attend.

WM. E. FENDALL, Commissioner.